EXHIBIT 3

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE CHOCOLATE CONFECTIONARY ANTITRUST LITIGATION

THIS DOCUMENT APPLIES TO:

ALL INDIRECT PURCHASER FOR RESALE CLASS ACTIONS

MDL DOCKET NO. 1935 (Civil Action No. 1:08-MDL-1935)

(Judge Conner)

ELECTRONICALLY FILED

ORDER GRANTING PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF PROPOSED SETTLEMENT WITH CADBURY PLC, CADBURY HOLDINGS LTD. AND CADBURY ADAMS CANADA, INC.

It is hereby ORDERED AND DECREED as follows:

The motion (Doc. 990) for preliminary approval of the proposed settlement with Cadbury plc, Cadbury Holdings, Ltd., and Cadbury Adams Canada, Inc. (collectively, "the Cadbury Defendants") is hereby GRANTED.

1. For purposes of the settlement with the Cadbury Defendants (and only for such purposes, without any impact upon the issues between any of the Plaintiffs and any of the non-settling Defendants), the Court preliminarily finds that the requirements of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure have been satisfied with respect to the Settlement Class. At this preliminary certification phase, and only for purposes of the settlement with the Cadbury Defendants, the Settlement Class is defined as:

All persons and entities who indirectly purchased Chocolate Candy for resale in, or for delivery into any state that has enacted a statute extending standing (or standing to assert claims which could be denominated to be antitrust claims in any state), to indirect purchasers for resale asserting claims under state or local antitrust, unfair competition, consumer protection, unfair practices, trade practice, or civil conspiracy law, including but not limited to the states of Arizona, California, the District of Columbia, Florida, Guam, Hawaii, Illinois, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Nevada, Iowa, Kansas, New Hampshire, New Mexico, Nebraska, New York, North Dakota, North Carolina, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont and Wisconsin, that was manufactured and/or distributed by or for any Defendant or any predecessor, subsidiary, affiliate or division of any Defendant, at any time from December 9, 2002 through and including December 20, 2007. The Class is composed of indirect purchasers for resale as defined in Paragraph 41 of the Indirect Purchasers for Resale Second Amended Consolidated Class Complaint. Excluded from the Settlement Class are governmental entities, Defendants, or any present or former parent, subsidiary or affiliate thereof.

- 2. The Court concludes that, for the sole purpose of the settlement with the Cadbury Defendants, and without an adjudication of the merits, the Settlement Class is sufficiently well-defined and cohesive to merit preliminary approval.

 Neither this Order nor any final order regarding the settlement with the Cadbury Defendants shall have any effect on the Court's consideration and determination of class certification or any other issue with respect to the non-settling Defendants.
- 3. Pursuant to Rule 23(a)(1), the Court determines that the Settlement Class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
- 4. For purposes of preliminary approval, the commonality requirement of Rule 23(a)(2) is satisfied because Plaintiffs have alleged one or more questions of fact and law common to the Settlement Class, including whether the Cadbury Defendants violated state antitrust and consumer protection laws by engaging in an unlawful conspiracy to fix, raise, maintain and/or stabilize prices of chocolate candy in the United States.
- 5. The Court hereby approves the following entities as Representative Plaintiffs of the Settlement Class pursuant to Rule 23(a)(3), and finds that, for settlement purposes only, these Representative Plaintiffs' claims are typical of the claims of the Settlement Class: The Plaintiffs are Treat America Limited, Corporate Services Group, Greater Tricities Services, LLC d/b/a GTS Refreshment Service, Food Express, Inc., All Star Services, Inc., The Konop Companies, North

County Vending, Inc., NCV Arizona, Inc., SS Distributor, LLC d/b/a JR Foodmart, GNC Properties, Inc. d/b/a Olive View AMPM and Coborn's Inc. The claims of the Representative Plaintiffs and absent class members rely on the same legal theories and arise from the same alleged conspiratorial conduct by Defendants, namely, the agreement to fix, raise, maintain and/or stabilize prices of chocolate candy in various states.

- 6. The Court preliminarily finds that the Representative Plaintiffs will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Settlement Class in satisfaction of the requirements of Rule 23(a)(4) because: (1) the interests of the Representative Plaintiffs are consistent with those of the Settlement Class members; (2) there appear to be no conflicts between or among the Representative Plaintiffs and the other Settlement Class members; (2) the Representative Plaintiffs have been and appear to be capable of continuing to be active participants in both the prosecution and the settlement of this litigation; and (4) the Representative Plaintiffs and the Settlement Class members are represented by qualified, reputable counsel who are experienced in preparing and prosecuting large, complicated class action cases, including those concerning violations of antitrust law.
- 7. The Court preliminarily finds that, for purposes of his settlement only, questions of law or fact common to members of the Settlement Class predominate over questions affecting only individual members of the Settlement Class under

Rule 23(b)(3). Further, a class action resolution in the manner proposed in the Settlement Agreement would be superior to other available methods for a fair and efficient adjudication of the litigation with respect to the Cadbury Defendants. In making these preliminary findings, the Court has considered, *inter alia*, (1) the interest of the Settlement Class members in individually controlling the prosecution or defense of separate actions; (2) the impracticality or inefficiency of prosecuting or defending separate actions; (3) the extent and nature of any litigation concerning these claims already commenced; and (4) the desirability of concentrating the litigation of the claims in a particular forum.

- 8. At this juncture, the Court makes no determination regarding the manageability of this litigation as a class action, if this litigation were to go to trial.
- 9. The Court hereby also approves the following law firms as Settlement Class Counsel pursuant to Rule 23(g), and finds that, for settlement purposes only, these Settlement Class Counsel have and will fairly and adequately protect the interests of the Settlement Class: Robins, Kaplan, Miller & Ciresi L.L.P. and The Maher Law Firm.
- 10. The Court finds that the proposed settlement with the Cadbury

 Defendants, as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, subject to final determination
 following proper notice and a fairness hearing, is sufficiently fair, reasonable and
 adequate to authorize dissemination of notice to the Settlement Class.

- 11. The Court approves the form and content of the Notice of Pendency of Class Action, Proposed Partial Settlement of Class Action, Settlement Hearing and Right to Appear ("Notice"), attached hereto as Exhibit A, and the summary notice to those purchasing for resale ("Summary Notice to Purchasers for Resale"), attached hereto as Exhibit B.
- 12. The Court finds that the publication of the Notice and Summary

 Notice, respectively, in the manner set forth herein constitutes the best notice

 practicable under the circumstances and is due and sufficient notice to the

 Settlement Class and complies fully with the requirements of Federal Rule of Civil

 Procedure 23 and the due process requirements of the Constitution of the United

 States.
- 13. Within fifty (50) days of this Order, or by Monday, October 3, 2011, Plaintiffs' counsel are hereby directed to cause the websites for *Candy and Snacks Today, Professional Candy Buyer, VendingMarketWatch.com,*AutomaticMerchandiser.com, Convenience Store News, and Vending Times to post a web banner with a message alerting the reader to the settlement and providing a link to an Internet website dedicated to this litigation www.ChocolateSettlementIndirect.com.

The www.ChocolateSettlementIndirect.com website will contain the Summary Notice to Indirect Purchasers for Resale, substantially in the form

attached hereto as Exhibit B. Each of the above-listed websites will maintain the web banners on their websites for a period of one month.

- 14. All requests for exclusion from the Settlement Class must be postmarked no later than Friday, October 21, 2011 [within fifty (50) days of this Order], and must otherwise comply with the requirements set forth in the Notice.
- 15. Each member of the Settlement Class shall retain all rights and causes of action with respect to claims against all Defendants other than the Cadbury Defendants, regardless of whether such member of the Settlement Class decides to remain in the Settlement Class or to exclude itself from the Settlement Class.
- 16. Within eighty-four (84) days of this Order, by Friday, November 4,2011, Plaintiffs' Counsel shall file with the Court and serve on the parties their motion for final approval of the Settlement Agreement.
- 17. Within one hundred and five (105) days of this Order, or by Monday, November 28, 2011, Plaintiffs' counsel shall cause to be filed with the Clerk of this Court, and served upon counsel for Defendants, affidavits or declarations of the person under whose general direction the publication of the Summary Notice was made showing that mailing and publication were made in accordance with this Order.
- 18. Any member of the Settlement Class who objects to the settlement must do so in writing. The objection must include the caption of this case, be

signed, and be sent to the Court, Plaintiffs' Counsel and Counsel for the Cadbury Defendants postmarked no later than Monday, November 28, 2011 [or within one hundred and five (105) days of this Order] and shall otherwise comply with the requirements set forth in the Notices. Any member of the Settlement Class who wishes to speak at the Fairness Hearing must submit a letter notifying the Court, Plaintiffs' Counsel and Counsel for the Cadbury Defendants postmarked no later than Monday, November 28, 2011 [or within one hundred and five (105) days of this Order] and shall otherwise comply with the requirements set forth in the Notices.

- 19. Within one hundred and fifteen (115) days of this Order, Plaintiffs' Counsel shall file with the Court and serve on the parties their responses to any objections to the settlement.
- 20. The Court will hold a Fairness Hearing on Monday, December 12, 2011, at 10:30 a.m. [after 120 days from this Order] to determine the fairness, reasonableness and adequacy of the proposed settlement with the Cadbury Defendants. Any member of the Settlement Class who follows the procedure set forth in the notices may appear and be heard at this hearing. The Fairness Hearing may be continued without further notice to the Settlement Class.
- 21. The Court approves the establishment of two escrow accounts, as set forth in the Settlement Agreement, as "Qualified Settlement Funds" pursuant to

Treas. Reg. § 1.468B 2(1). The Court retains continuing jurisdiction over any issues regarding the formation or administration of the escrow accounts. Plaintiffs' counsel and their designees are authorized to expend fund from the escrow accounts to pay Taxes, Tax Expenses and notice and administration costs, as set forth in the Settlement Agreement.

- 22. The Court grants Plaintiffs' counsel the right to make withdrawals from the Notice and Administration Fund for payment of the costs of notice(s) to potential members of the Settlement Class regarding the Settlement Agreement and related matters and other costs and expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the administration of the Settlement Agreement (the "Administrative Expenses") without the approval of the Court in each instance, so long as (a) the Administrative Expenses incurred or contracted for are reasonable and necessary to carry out the transactions contemplated by the Settlement Agreement, and (b) counsel for the Cadbury Defendants shall receive from Settlement Class Counsel a full accounting of all expenditures made from the Notice and Administration Fund in the event such funds are returned to the Cadbury Defendants under the terms of the Settlement Agreement.
- 23. Heffler, Radetich & Saitta LLP is approved to serve as Settlement Administrator for the Indirect Purchaser for Resale Class Actions.

24. The litigation against the Cadbury Defendants in this action is hereby stayed, pending further order of the Court.

SO ORDERED this 12th day of August, 2011.

S/ Christopher C. Conner
CHRISTOPER C. CONNER
United States District Judge

EXHIBIT A

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

IN RE: CHUCULATE	:	MIDL DOCKET NO. 1935
CONFECTIONARY ANTITRUST	:	(Civil Action No. 1:08-MDL-1935)
LITIGATION	:	
	:	(Judge Christopher C. Conner)
	:	
THIS DOCUMENT APPLIES TO:	:	
	:	
ALL INDIRECT PURCHASER	:	
FOR RESALE CLASS ACTIONS	:	

NOTICE OF PENDENCY OF CLASS ACTION, PROPOSED PARTIAL SETTLEMENT OF CLASS ACTION, SETTLEMENT HEARING, AND RIGHT TO APPEAR

If you indirectly bought for resale chocolate candy made by Cadbury Adams Canada, Inc., Cadbury Holdings, Ltd., Cadbury plc, Hershey Canada, Inc., The Hershey Company, Mars, Inc., Mars Snackfood US, LLC or Nestlé U.S.A., Inc., a Class Action Lawsuit May Affect You.

A federal court authorized this Notice. This is not a solicitation from a lawyer.

- A class action lawsuit brought by, and on behalf of, indirect purchasers of chocolate candy for resale is currently pending. Plaintiffs allege that, beginning as early as December 9, 2002 and continuing through and including December 20, 2007, Defendants engaged in an unlawful conspiracy to fix, raise, maintain or stabilize the prices of chocolate candy in violation of federal and state laws. Plaintiffs allege that, as a result of the unlawful conspiracy, they and other indirect purchasers for resale paid more for chocolate candy than they would have paid absent the conspiracy. Defendants deny Plaintiffs' allegations.
- A settlement has been reached with Cadbury. The settlement reflects that the vast majority of sales of Cadbury's chocolate candy products in the United States are made and sold by the Hershey Company, pursuant to a

trademark license agreement. Pursuant to that agreement, the Hershey Company manufactures, prices and sells Cadbury's chocolate candy products.

- The litigation is continuing against Hershey Canada, Inc., The Hershey Company, Mars, Inc., Mars Snackfood US, LLC, and Nestlé U.S.A., Inc. (collectively, "the Non-Settling Defendants").
- Your legal rights will be affected whether you act or don't act. This Notice includes information on the settlement and the litigation. Please read the entire Notice carefully.
- For the purposes of the settlement, chocolate candy includes chocolate bars and other chocolate confectionery products packaged to be sold at retail.

YOUR LEGAL RIGHTS AND OPTIONS IN THIS SETTLEMENT:

DO NOTHING	You do not have to take any action now to remain part of the continuing litigation.
OBJECT	Write to the Court about why you don't like the settlement.
	Settlement.
EXCLUDE	You can exclude yourself from the settlement with
YOURSELF	Cadbury. However, you may remain a member of
	any future Settlement Class or litigation class
	certified in this case.
HIRE YOUR OWN	You can choose to be represented by your own
ATTORNEY	attorney instead of counsel for the Settlement Class.

• The Court in charge of this case still has to decide whether to approve of the settlement.

1. Why has this notice been issued?

This legal notice is to inform you of the Cadbury Settlement that has been reached in the class action lawsuit, *In re Chocolate Confectionary Antitrust Litigation*, Case No. 08-1935, pending in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania. You have a right to know about the litigation and about your legal rights and options before the Court decides whether to approve the Settlement.

2. What is this lawsuit about?

In this lawsuit, Plaintiffs allege that Defendants, producers of chocolate candy, conspired to fix, maintain or stabilize prices for chocolate candy. Plaintiffs allege that this conspiracy caused indirect purchasers of chocolate candy for resale to pay more for chocolate candy than they would have otherwise paid.

In late 2007 and early 2008, lawsuits were filed in several federal courts generally alleging this conspiracy to fix, maintain or stabilize prices of chocolate candy. On April 7, 2008, the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation transferred those cases for coordinated proceedings before the Honorable Christopher C. Conner, United States District Judge in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania.

Plaintiffs represent both themselves (the named plaintiffs) and the entire Class of indirect purchasers for resale of chocolate candy. The lawsuit, which is brought as a Class Action, seeks money for indirect purchasers for resale in certain states. Plaintiffs brought this lawsuit as a class action because they believe, among other things, that a class action is superior to filing individual cases and that the claims of each member of the proposed Class present and share common questions of law and fact. Plaintiffs claim that Defendants' actions violated certain state laws that prohibit any agreement that unreasonably restrains competition.

3. Who is included in the Settlement?

Plaintiffs and Cadbury have agreed that for purposes of the settlement, the Settlement Class is defined as follows:

All persons and entities who indirectly purchased Chocolate Candy for resale in, or for delivery into any state that has enacted a statute extending standing (or standing to assert claims which could be denominated to be antitrust claims in any state), to indirect purchasers for resale asserting claims under state or local antitrust, unfair competition, consumer protection, unfair practices, trade practice, or civil conspiracy law, including but not limited to the states of Arizona, California, the District of Columbia, Florida, Guam, Hawaii, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi,

¹ You are an indirect purchaser for resale if you purchased chocolate candy products for resale from someone other than the Defendants in this lawsuit, such as a distributor or wholesaler.

Nevada, New Hampshire, New Mexico, Nebraska, New York, North Dakota, North Carolina, Oregon, South Dakota, Tennessee, Utah, Vermont and Wisconsin, that was manufactured and/or distributed by or for any Defendant or any predecessor, subsidiary, affiliate or division of any Defendant, at any time from December 9, 2002 through and including December 20, 2007. The Class is composed of indirect purchasers for resale as defined in Paragraph 41 of the Indirect Purchasers for Resale Second Amended Consolidated Class Complaint. Excluded from the Settlement Class are governmental entities, Defendants, or any present or former parent, subsidiary or affiliate thereof. Nothing in this Agreement is intended to or shall limit the rights of any state attorney general.

The Court has preliminary certified this Settlement Class. However, the Settlement Class is being preliminarily certified solely for the purposes of settling potential claims against Cadbury. The Settlement Class is distinct from any other class that may be certified in this case. Regardless of whether you decide to remain in the Settlement Class or exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, your rights are fully preserved with respect to any and all claims against all remaining Defendants other than Cadbury.

Settlement classes have also been certified relating to a Cadbury settlement on behalf of (1) indirect purchasers who are consumers and (2) direct purchasers. An indirect purchaser who is a consumer purchased chocolate candy manufactured by Defendants from someone other than a Defendant. A direct purchaser purchased chocolate candy directly from a Defendant. If you are also a member of one or both of these two settlement classes, you may participate in that settlement class or classes.

4. What does the Cadbury Settlement provide?

After extensive settlement negotiations, Plaintiffs and Cadbury reached a Settlement on April 28, 2011. The Settlement is between Plaintiffs and Cadbury only. The Cadbury settlement reflects that Cadbury does not manufacture or sell chocolate candy to members of the Settlement Class. The vast majority of sales of Cadbury chocolate candy products in the United States are made and sold by The Hershey Company pursuant to a trademark license agreement. This settlement does not affect any of the remaining Non-Settling Defendants, against whom this case continues.

Under the Settlement Agreement, Cadbury has paid \$250,000.00 (the "Settlement Fund") into an account to be administered in accordance with the provisions of the Settlement Agreement. Class Counsel will seek approval of the Court to use the entire Settlement Fund to pay such expenses as may reasonably be incurred in the prosecution of this lawsuit against the remaining Defendants. If the Settlement Fund is utilized for that purpose, there will not be any payments to members of the Settlement Class from the Settlement Fund. In addition, Cadbury has paid \$250,000.00 into a Notice and Administration Cost Fund, which will be shared by the three proposed classes: the Indirect Purchaser for Resale Plaintiffs, the Indirect End User Plaintiffs, and the Direct Purchaser Class Plaintiffs. Cadbury has the right to terminate the Settlement Agreement based on the occurrence of certain conditions set forth in the Settlement Agreement and in a separate letter agreement.

The settlement payments by Cadbury will be the sole source of payment for the costs of notice and administration of this settlement, the payment of attorneys' fees, and for satisfaction of the Settlement Class members' claims against Cadbury.

In addition to the monetary component of the settlement, Cadbury has also agreed to provide certain cooperation in the prosecution of the litigation against the Non-Settling Defendants. This cooperation includes the obligation of Cadbury to use reasonable efforts to make witnesses available for interviews and depositions in Canada and the United Kingdom without the need to issue subpoenas or comply with any applicable foreign legal requirements. Cadbury has similarly agreed to use reasonable efforts to voluntarily produce witnesses at trial, if necessary.

On ______, 2011, the Court granted preliminary approval of the Cadbury Settlement, finding it sufficiently fair, reasonable and adequate to warrant notifying the Settlement Class.

The complete terms of the proposed Settlement Agreement are on file and may be examined or copied during regular business hours at the office of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, 228 Walnut Street, Harrisburg, PA 17108, and may be printed from the Internet website dedicated to this lawsuit, www.ChocolateSettlementIndirect.com.

The Cadbury Settlement should not be taken as an admission by Cadbury of any allegation by Plaintiffs or of wrongdoing of any kind.

5. What is the effect of the Court's final approval of the Cadbury Settlement?

If the Court grants final approval, the Cadbury Settlement will be binding upon you and all other members of the Settlement Class. By remaining part of the Cadbury Settlement Class, if approved, you will give up any claims against Cadbury relating to the claims made or which could have been made in this lawsuit. Paragraph 35 of the Settlement Agreement, which is available at www. ChocolateSettlementIndirect.com, provides the complete terms of the release of claims against Cadbury. By remaining a part of the Settlement Class, you will retain all claims against all other Defendants, named and unnamed.

6. Who represents the Settlement Class?

The Settlement Class is represented by the following attorneys:

Roman M. Silberfeld

Bernice Conn

ROBINS, KAPLAN, MILLER & CIRESI L.L.P.

2049 Century Park East, Suite 3400

Los Angeles, CA 90067

Telephone: (310) 552-0130

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Steven R. Maher

THE MAHER LAW FIRM

631 West Morse Blvd.

Winter Park, FL 32789

Telephone: (407) 839-0866

E-Mail: smaher@maherlawfirm. com

7. When and where will the Court hold a hearing on the fairness of the Settlement?

The Court will hold a hearing at the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, Courtroom #2, 228 Walnut Street, Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17108, on _______, 2011 at _______(a.m./p.m.), to determine whether the proposed settlement should be approved as fair, adequate and reasonable ("Fairness Hearing"). If you wish to speak at the Fairness Hearing, you must send a letter saying that it is your "Notice of Intention to Appear". Your

letter must be postmarked no later than ______, 2011 and sent to the Clerk of Court, Class Counsel, and Counsel for Cadbury Defendants at the addresses listed under Questions No. 8. The Fairness Hearing may be continued without further notice. It is not necessary for you to appear at the Fairness Hearing. You do not need to attend this hearing. You or your own lawyer may attend the hearing if you wish, at your own expense.

8. How do I object to the Settlement?

If you are a member of the Settlement Class and do not elect exclusion from the Settlement Class, you may object to the terms of the Settlement Agreement prior to final approval. If you wish to object to the Settlement Agreement, you must mail such written objection, including proof of membership in the Settlement Class and a statement of the nature and grounds for your objection, to the Clerk of the Court at the following address: 228 Walnut Street, Harrisburg, PA 17108. The written objection must be received and filed with the Court no later than ________, 2011 [within 135 days of the Preliminary Approval Date]. Copies of any objections must be sent to counsel for the Plaintiffs and Cadbury Defendants as well as the Court at the addresses listed below.

Counsel for Plaintiffs:

Roman M. Silberfeld Bernice Conn

ROBINS, KAPLAN, MILLER & CIRESI L.L.P.

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Counsel for Cadbury:

Dennis P. Orr

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New York, NY 10104
Telephone: (212) 468-8161
E-Mail: dorr@mofo.com

The Court:

United States District Court Federal Building & U.S. Courthouse 228 Walnut Street P.O. Box 983 Harrisburg, PA 17108

9. How do I exclude myself from the Settlement?

If you elect to exclude yourself from the Settlement Class, you must mail a written request to be excluded to the Clerk of the Court c/o Settlement Administrator at the following address: ______ and to Counsel for Plaintiffs at the addresses listed under Question No. 8. The written request for exclusion must include your name, address, and telephone number. Each request for exclusion must also contain a signed statement that "I/we hereby request that I/we be excluded from the proposed Settlement Class in the *In re Chocolate Confectionary Antitrust Litigation*." The written request for exclusion must be received no later than ______, 2011 [within 100 days of the Preliminary Approval Date]. If you elect to be excluded from the Settlement Class, you will remain free to pursue any legal rights you may have against Cadbury.

10. May I hire my own attorney?

If you are a member of the Settlement Class and do not wish to be represented by the Plaintiffs and their counsel, you may enter an appearance through your own attorney. To do so, you must file an Entry of Appearance with the Clerk of the Court for the United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania, 228 Walnut Street, Harrisburg, PA 17108, and send a copy of the Entry of Appearance to counsel for the Plaintiffs and Cadbury identified under Question No. 8. Such Entry of Appearance must be filed with the Court no later

than	,	2011.	You	will	then	continue,	as a	member	of 1	the
class	with representation by y	our ow	n atto	rney	, and	you will l	e res	ponsible	for t	the
fees a	and costs of that attorney	· .								

11. What happens if I do nothing?

If you are a member of the Settlement Class described above, and wish to remain a member, you do not have to do anything. If you choose to take no action, your interests as a member of the Settlement Class will be represented by the Plaintiffs and their counsel. You will be bound by the terms of the Settlement Agreement and any final judgment that may be entered.

As a member of the Settlement Class, you will not be responsible for attorneys' fees or litigation expenses.

In addition, if the Court grants final approval of the Settlement Agreement, you will be bound by the terms of that agreement and by any judgment entered in accordance with that agreement.

If you choose to remain a member of the Settlement Class, please advise Plaintiffs' counsel identified under Question No. 8 of any change in your address.

Your decision with respect to the Settlement Class does not affect your right to remain in or exclude yourself from any other class that may be certified in this case against Defendants other than the Cadbury Defendants.

PLEASE DO NOT CONTACT THE COURT FOR INFORMATION REGARDING THIS LAWSUIT.

Clerk of Court United States District Court for the Middle District of Pennsylvania